Price Hiller zfp106 Homework Assignment 3 CS 2233 Section 001

If you are interested in viewing the source code of this document, you can do so by clicking here.

Problems

Problem 1. [10 points]

• Complete all participation activities in zyBook sections 2.1, 2.2, 2.4-2.6.

Done

Problem 2. [10 points]

Prove that if a, b, and c are odd integers, then a + b + c is an odd integer.

An odd integer is expressed as 2k+1 where k is some integer.

a + b + c can be rewritten as (2z + 1) + (2n + 1) + (2p + 1). Working this equation we end up with: 2z + 2n + 2p + 3. We can then factor out 2 giving us 2(z + n + p) + 3 and with some additional manipulation we can get 2((z + n + p) + 1) + 1. Notice the inner part ((z + n + p) + 1) could be re-expressed as k, thus we can rexpress the entire thing (with a substitution) as 2k + 1 where k = (z + n + p + 1). Therefore, if a, b, and c are odd integers, then a + b + c is an odd integer.

Problem 3. [30 points]

Recall that a rational number can be put in the form $\frac{p}{q}$ where p and q are integers and $q \neq 0$ Prove the following for any rational number, x:

a.) If x is rational, then x - 5 is rational

b.) If x - 5 is rational, then $\frac{x}{3}$ is rational

c.) If $\frac{x}{3}$ is rational, then x is rational

See Next Page

Problem 4. [20 points]

Consider the following statement: For all integers m and n, if m - n is odd, then m is odd or n is odd.

- a. Prove the statement using a proof by contrapositive
- b. Prove the statement by using a proof by contradiction